

COUNTRIES WITH HIGH POTENTIAL FOR COFFEE-DRIVEN DEFORESTATION TODAY

Detecting coffee-driven deforestation has proven difficult without eye-witness accounts by people familiar with specific landscapes. To improve our understanding of this risk we analyzed publicly available data to identify countries with large areas of remaining primary forest (over 30M ha) where land under coffee production has been expanding over the past five years, and where large swaths of unprotected forest (over 10M hectares) are suitable for coffee. Three countries met all three criteria: Colombia, Indonesia and Peru. This is not to say coffee-driven deforestation is not taking place in other countries, but simply that these are the countries with the most to lose.

COLOMBIA



Growth in area harvested over the past 5 years 26,633 HA



total suitable area for coffee that is unprotected forest



61,109,421 HA

Unprotected forest area

13,097,880 HA

PERU



Growth in area harvested over the past 5 years 24,022 HA



total suitable area for coffee that is unprotected forest



Total primary forest

65,790,000 HA

Unprotected forest area

12,164,955 HA

INDONESIA



Growth in area harvested over the past 5 years 12,096 HA



total suitable area for coffee that is unprotected forest



46,024,000 HA

Unprotected forest area

38,667,450 HA



